TRAVEL SIGNATURES

All F-1 and J-1 VISA holder’s planning to travel outside of the U.S. this summer should visit the Office of International Programs prior to departure to obtain a travel signature on Form I-20 or DS-2019 document. Upon your return to the US you will need to send Irina and Alexandria an updated I-94 (https://i94.cbp.dhs.gov/I94/consent.html) and renewed VISA stamp if applicable.

UPCOMING EVENTS

Summer Culture Hour
12-12:45 p.m.,
G004 Orr-Major
May 3rd, 10th-Wichita ITV
June 7th, 14th-Wichita ITV
July 12th
Everyone is invited to attend Culture Hour!
A Reminder: J1 visa holders are required to engage in cultural activities and exchanges while in the United States. Culture Hour is a great way to help meet this requirement!

SINO-US Presentations
Monday, May 7, 2018
SON Auditorium 12-1 p.m.
Facebook Live: @kumcoip
SINO-US Advanced Healthcare Professional Exchange Program presentations by Drs. Dexin Yu, Zhen Liu, Yehua Hu, Zhaojuan Er, Min Yu, Xiaodong Zhi, and Ms. Shanshan Cheng. While here, they are observing in the departments of radiology, obstetrics and gynecology, neurology, physical medicine and rehabilitation, surgery, orthopedic surgery, and the School of Nursing.

Lunch is provided

OFFICES CLOSED

Memorial Day Holiday
Monday, May 28
KUMC Offices will be closed in observance of the Memorial Day holiday.

THAT’S A FACT

Facts about Cinco de Mayo
FROM:
http://www.softschools.com/facts/holidays/cinco_de_mayo_facts/145/

• In Mexico, Cinco de Mayo is called ‘El Día de la Batalla de Puebla’, which means The Day of the Battle of Puebla.

• When the Mexican’s beat the French in the Battle at Pueblo, it was unexpected. It was thought the French would win, who were there to collect on war debts.

• Spain and England also sent forces to collect debts but retreated after making an agreement with Mexico.

• Cinco de Mayo is often confused as being Mexico’s Independence Day. Mexico’s Independence Day is September 16th and is considered to be Mexico’s most important patriotic holiday.

• In 2005, the U.S. Congress passed a resolution to recognize the ‘historical significance’ of Cinco de Mayo.

• The world’s largest Cinco de Mayo celebration is held in Los Angeles, California. It’s called ‘Fiesta Broadway’, and began in 1990. Approximately 600,000 people attend the celebration.

• In Chandler, Arizona they hold a parade and Chihuahua races each year and crown a King and a Queen Chihuahua.

• Some of the foods that are popular on May 5th include enchiladas, tacos, burritos and guacamole.

• When Mexicans defeated the French, it also impacted the U.S. It made it impossible for Napolean III the ability to get supplies to the Confederate rebels.

• A year after Mexico defeated the French army they came back with 30,000 soldiers and took Mexico City. It only lasted for three years, until Mexico took control once again.

• Since the Battle at Pueblo, no European country has ever invaded the Americas.

• In 2006, there were at least 150 official Cinco de Mayo events taking place in the U.S.

• In Mexico, Cinco de Mayo is celebrated mainly in Pueblo, Mexico. It is not as popular in the rest of the country.

• It is more popular in the U.S. then it is in Mexico.